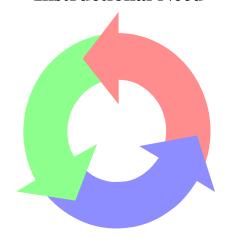
Iowa Speech-Language Services Eligibility and Exit Considerations Practice Guidelines

--Rate of Progress---Discrepancy from Peers/Standard---Instructional Need--



2004

Iowa Speech-Language Eligibility Consideration Questions 2004

5	tudent:	_Birthdate:	Building:			Date:
la a T p d	8141.50(11) Speech or language impairment. "Speech or anguage impairment, or a voice impairment, that adversely assessment as the sole criterion for determining whether a character than the IEP team should consider if the student demonstrates a crocess. A student must demonstrate a disability by consider emonstrate an educational need by assessing the environmentaligibility.	affects a child's educated ild is a child with a discommunication concerting the rate of progressing t	ional performan sability and for on that negatively and discrepand riculum. Multip	nce. 281 determin y impact cy from p ple source	41.3040 ing an ap s his/her beers or s es of data	(2) b. Not use any single measure or oppropriate educational program for the child. ability to benefit from the educational standard. In addition a student must a must converge to the same conclusion of
1 D	1 1 C 1 T 4 4 TO 1 1	1.0 1.1		YES	NO	COMMENTS List student data from instructional decision making
	tes the result of the <u>Intervention Plan</u> indicate a resilition?	need for speech-lan	iguage			plan that indicates a disability and need for service
en	gibility?	(I Dl) ! 1!4				in the areas of: rate of progress, discrepancy from
	Student data from instructional decision making communication concern.	(1 Plan) indicates	persistent			peers or standard and instructional need.
	There are no additional interventions that need to	o he implemented	in the			
	student's present educational program/setting to					
	concern.	address the comm	unication			
	Accommodations and modifications to general of	education have bee	n			
	implemented for this student.					
	implemented for this student.					
	RATE OF PROGRES	SS		YES	NO	COMMENTS
2. Is t	•		2	YES	NO	List academic/vocational areas impacted by
	RATE OF PROGRES	onal performance	2	YES	NO	List academic/vocational areas impacted by communication concern and how this hinders the
	RATE OF PROGRES the student's pre-academic/academic, and vocate	onal performance?	_	YES	NO	List academic/vocational areas impacted by
<u>ac</u>	RATE OF PROGRES the student's pre-academic/academic, and vocate lversely affected by his/her communication skills	onal performance?	_	YES	NO	List academic/vocational areas impacted by communication concern and how this hinders the student's ability to benefit from the general
<u>ac</u>	RATE OF PROGRES the student's pre-academic/academic, and vocate lversely affected by his/her communication skills Teacher/parents voice concern about the studen	onal performance? 's communication	_	YES	NO	List academic/vocational areas impacted by communication concern and how this hinders the student's ability to benefit from the general
	RATE OF PROGRES the student's pre-academic/academic, and vocate lversely affected by his/her communication skills Teacher/parents voice concern about the student its adverse effect on the child.	ional performance? early sommunication ation or anxiety.	skill and	YES	NO	List academic/vocational areas impacted by communication concern and how this hinders the student's ability to benefit from the general
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DISCREPANCY FROM PEERS/STANDARDS

YES NO

COMMENTS

		 - 10	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2
	es the student's communication behavior <u>differ significantly</u> when compared h community, school and/or peer standards?		List significant determining factors:
	Observation of and comparison to other students indicate a significant difference in communication skills.		
	There is a significant discrepancy from peers in the classroom, hall or playground.		
	Parents and teachers report significant differences.		
	There is more than a single speech sound error.		
	Intelligibility is significantly impaired.		
	Communication concern is readily evident even without having the		
	teacher/parent bring it to your attention.		
	The student has not received previous services for the same concern.		
	e the student's social interactions adversely affected by his/her mmunication skills? Student is aware of his/her communication concern. Student demonstrates embarrassment and/or frustration regarding communication concern. Peers tease student about communication concern during speaking situations. Student demonstrates difficulty interpreting communication intent. Input from other team members in other settings indicates a concern. The communication concern or behavior is not attention seeking. Parents voice communication concern and its adverse effect on the child and family.		List social areas impacted by the communication concern and how this affects the student's ability to interact with peers and adults:
1	it <u>developmentally appropriate</u> /consistent with classroom, home, or mmunity expectations to work on the targeted communication skill? Communication skill is not consistent with developmental norms. The communication concern is not present in the student's native language. The communication concern is not a result of dialectical differences or from learning English as a second language.		List communication concern that is not within developmental levels for this student:

		INSTRUCTIONAL NEED	YES	NO	COMMENTS
6.	Is t	here potential for change in the communication skill at this time?			List the areas for potential change if service is
		The student corrects communication error spontaneously.			provided:
		The student corrects error in response to being given a cue or an appropriate model to imitate.			
		Other variables (i.e., sensory or physical) which interfere with the attainment of communication skills are not present.			
		There is the likelihood that this student will not improve without speech-language services.			
		There is no evidence to suggest that the child will develop the communication skill at his/her own predictable rate without services.			
		The student is motivated to work on communication concern.			
7.		e speech-language services the only support available to meet the dent's communication needs?			List other potential service supports for student's communication concern:
		The child's present educational placement does not provide the necessary instruction for the communication need.			
		Attempts to enlist the help of parents through an ongoing home program have been made.			
		The student is not receiving services from other school personnel where that provider can work on the communication concern with consultation from speech-language pathologist.			

OUTCOME

□ Continue Intervention Plan	☐ Continue speech-language services
☐ Speech-language services not recommended	☐ Change service delivery options
☐ Entitle for speech-language services	☐ Exit from speech-language services

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

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REFERENCES

American Speech-Language-Hearing Association. (1999). IDEA and Your Caseload: A Template for Eligibility and Dismissal Criteria for Students Ages 3 to 21. Technical Report. Rockville, MD: Author.

Council for Exceptional Children. (2000). Developing educationally relevant IEPs: A technical assistance document for speech-language pathologists. Reston, VA: Author.

Florida Department of Education, Bureau of Instructional Support and Community Services, Division of Public Schools (1997). A Training and Resource Manual for the Implementation of State Eligibility Criteria for the Speech and Language Impaired.

Kathleen A. Whitmire, Director of Schools Services, American Speech-Language-Hearing Association. *Provisions of Speech-Language Services in the Schools: Working With the Law* (2002).

Iowa Administrative Rules of Special Education (2007).

U.S. Congress (2004) Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act, Public Law 108-446.

Speech-Language Services, Iowa Department of Education 2004

Iowa Speech-language Pathologists Exit Considerations for Speech-Language Services

Reevaluation is required by IDEA 04 (34 CFR 300.303(a)) to determine that a child no longer has a disability. Reevaluation should include current performance data and IEP progress data. Exit decisions must be individualized based on developmental norms, progress data, assessment information, educational need and the current best practices as determined by the IEP team. The IEP team may choose one or more of the following conditions as reason for discontinuation of speech-language services. It is important that the IEP process drive decisions regarding speech-language services. These decisions must be made on a case-by-case basis determined by the rate of progress, discrepancy from peers/standards, instructional need of the student and the IEP process.

Check the conditions that apply:

Rate of Progress

	The student has met all speech-language goals and data indicates no additional needs. The IEP team determines that the child
	can make progress in general education without the support of speech-language services.
	Given current medical, dental, neurological, physical, emotional, and/or developmental factors, the student's speech-language performance is within his/her expected performance range and maximum compensatory skills have been achieved and documented on the IEP.
	The student has made minimal or no measurable progress and there has been a lengthy plateau. During this time, program modifications, varied approaches, and/or colleague consultations have been attempted and documented. Lack of progress is specified and documented on the IEP.
	Limited carry-over, self-monitoring or generalization has been documented in one or more environments. Limited progress is documented on the IEP.
	Data indicates that the student does not demonstrate the potential for change as documented in IEP progress reports.
Discr	repancy from Peers/Standards
	Data indicates that the speech and/or language concern no longer exists as documented on the IEP.
	Speech-language concern no longer interferes with the student's educational performance including academic, vocational, and social functioning and is documented on the IEP.
	Data indicates the student is more independent and less discrepant from peers as measured on the IEP Results, Section C, of the current IEP and is ready for reintegration into the general education classroom.
	The student's communication skills are functional and effective within the student's current classroom or environment as documented on the IEP.

Exit Considerations Continued:

Instructional Need

- The student is unwilling or unmotivated to participate in treatment, attendance has been limited and/or participation precludes progress through therapeutic intervention. Attendance record over a period of time with attempts to improve attendance and participation are documented on the IEP.
 Parent/legal guardian of student requests that speech-language services be discontinued (consider free appropriate public education, FAPE).
 Carryover goals can be met through the efforts of teachers and other professionals as documented on the IEP.
- Data indicates that with modifications and/or alternative methods of responding to academic/social tasks the student performs satisfactorily within the general education environment.

REFERENCES

American Speech-Language-Hearing Association. (1999). IDEA and Your Caseload: A Template for Eligibility and Dismissal Criteria for Students Ages 3 to 21. Technical Report. Rockville, MD: Author.

Council for Exceptional Children. (2000). Developing educationally relevant IEPs: A technical assistance document for speech-language pathologists. Reston, VA: Author.

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